## Appendix A.8

## **Standardized Test - Hope High School**

Fill in the blanks.

Inspired by the Geography class you are taking, you decide to spend summer
vacation on a worldwide trip. As you leave Denver, you look to the west for your las
glimpse of the (1)Mountains. Flying northeast, you look down first or
the (2) River and then the (3) River, the longest rivers in the
United States. From New York City, at latitude and longitude of (4), you
fly east toward the continent of (5) As you fly across the
(6) Ocean, to the north of your airplane are the islands or
(7) and (8) in that order. At 52 degrees N. 0 degrees long
you land in the city of (9) The residents of this city speak English
which is a member of the (10) language family. Wanting to let you
family know you are off to a good start, you call home at 3 PM local time, knowing
that it will be (11) o'clock at home in Denver. You then take a train to
Paris which uses the "Chunnel," a new transport route which burrows under a narrow
body of water called (12) to the mainland of the continent. Paris, the
capital city of (13), is located at latitude and longitude (14)
While in Paris, you are surprised to learn that France is the world's leading exporte
of this fruit (15) With your international connections, you are offered the
rare opportunity to go on a polar bear viewing expedition offered by the Russian
government. So you leave Paris and head northeast, across northern Europe to the
island of (16) located at 73 degrees N. 55 degrees E, in the
(17) Sea which itself is part of the larger (18) Ocean. The
natural vegetation of this island is called (19) and reminds you of the
vegetation found on the mountaintops of Colorado. After discovering that Russian
bears do indeed speak a different language than American ones, you head south
along the 60 <sup>th</sup> meridian to the 60 <sup>th</sup> parallel and the (20) Mountains. The
natural vegetation of these mountains is the taiga, a forest composed or
(21) This, perhaps the largest forest in the world, stretches from the
shores of the Baltic Sea in the west to beyond the waters of (22)
located at 53 degrees N and 108 degrees E. While in Russia your meals ofter
feature potatoes, and you learn that Russia grows (23) per cent of the
world's potatoes. From 60 degrees N and 60 degrees E you will travel about 25
degrees to the east and 32 degrees to the south to the city of (24) which
is the capital of Nepal. The (25) mountains form the backbone of this
country. Using the map on p. 183, you estimate the lowest elevation in this country
as (26) feet. One hundred to two hundred miles to the south is the
valley of the Ganges River, one of the most densely populated regions on earth
Population densities there are (27) per square mile. Even so, only
(28) per cent of the people live in urban areas. It seems that
everywhere here in India are temples and other reminders that (29) is
the dominant religion. Along the Ganges, you find it easy to satisfy your sweet tooth

Appendices Page 405 of 465

since India produces (30) of the world's cane sugar. After your visit to
the glacier clad mountains of Nepal, you yearn for a tropical climate and so travel to
Singapore, a city with a population of about (31) million. Singapore is a
city whose site could be described as being on an (32) island at the tip
of the Malay Peninsula. Singapore's situation could be described as across the
Strait of (33), and on the trade route
which connects the (35) Ocean on the west to the (36) Sea
to the east of the city. From Singapore, you decide to go on an expedition to visit
some of the last stone-age people on earth. You fly to 5 degrees S, 140 degrees E,
on the island of (37), having flown across the island of (38)
to get there. Due south lies the island continent of (39), whose highest
mountain range, the (40) are the lowest of any continent. As you travel
around the "outback," or interior, it seems that there are more kangaroos than
people. You discover that the population density of most of the continent is less than
(41) per square mile. From Perth on the west coast, you call home to let
your family know that you are still OK. It is noon Thursday when you call. It is what
day (42) and time (43) in Denver when your family picks up
the phone? You leave the island continent following the parallel 20 degrees S to the
west. You cross the (44) Ocean and the island of (45)
before reaching the continent of (46) near the mouth of the
(47) River. Here, in the country of Mozambique, you hope not to fall ill
since there are over (48) people for every doctor. You notice that there
are few overweight people in Mozambique since the per capita calorie supply is
(49) of requirements. Since it's July, your knowledge of climate regions
tells you that the weather is likely to be (dry or rainy) (50) on the coast of
Mozambique. Ascending the river from its mouth at 18 degrees S, 37 degrees E,
you view hippos and the remnants of the once great elephant herds. At about 18
degrees S, 26 degrees E, the river plunges over (51), once of the great
cataracts of the world. After heading north from (52), the capital of
Zambia, you turn west along the equator and return to the western hemisphere. At
50 degrees W you near the mouth of the (53) River. You ascend the
river into the ecoregion called the (54) At 60 degrees W you come to
the old river town of Manaus, where plantations which once produced natural rubber
now grow (55) Continuing west to 78 degrees W, you encounter the
(56), the longest mountain range in the world. Here, on the heights of its
great volcanoes, eternal snow exists at the equator. Turning finally north, you fly
along the meridian of 80 degrees W, crossing the (57) Sea and the
island of (58) before reaching the city of (59) at 26 degrees
N. Back in the U.S., you catch a flight which stops first at the city of
(60), whose situation is the southern tip of Lake Michigan, and then
continues on to DIA and home. Quite a summer vacation! You now look for a job so
you can pay off your massive credit card bills!

Appendices Page 406 of 465